

TAMIBIA UNIVERSITY

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF HUMAN SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR of PUBLIC MANAGEMENT	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BPMN	LEVEL: 6
COURSE NAME: Regional and Local Government Management	COURSE CODE: RLG 611S
DATE: July 2018	PAPER: THEORY
DURATION: 3 Hours	MARKS: 100

SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION	
EXAMINER(S)	Mr. M Haimbodi
MODERATOR:	Dr. J Coetzee

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This question paper consists of Four (4) questions of equal value.
- 2. Answer all four (4) questions of equal value.
- 3. Read the questions carefully, before you answer.
- 4. Number answers according to the numbering structure provided in the question paper.
- 5. You will be penalized for illegible handwriting.
- 6. The Question Paper is applicable to full-time, part-time and distance students.

PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS

[None]

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER CONSISTS OF 2 PAGES (Including this front page)

QUESTION 1

One function of good governance in the public sector is to ensure that entities always act in the public interest. Public Accountability, Transparency, Democracy, Public Participation and Fairness are important values/tenets of good governance. By making use of practical examples, explain in detail how each of these values may enhance good governance within the ambit of Namibian regional and local governance.

(25)

QUESTION 2

Principles and values are critical to providing sub-national government with a common moral framework regarding the way services will be provided, specifically the standards to be applied. Outline and discuss the principles and values and critically analyse institutional challenges that may undermine the promotion of such principles and values within subnational government. Your discussion should be supported by practical examples.

(25)

QUESTION 3

Finance is critical to the operation of regional and local councils and the wide range of services they deliver. Identify and discuss the revenue sources of regional councils and local authorities in Namibia.

(25)

QUESTION 4

Many developing and transitional countries have embarked on some form of decentralisation programme. This trend relates to a growing interest in the role of civil society and the private sector as partners to governments in seeking new ways of service delivery. Identify and evaluate the notable forms of decentralisation in broad detail. Make use of practical examples to illustrate your argument.

(25)

TOTAL MARKS = [100]